



Answers to Danish Worksheet - Health part

1. Which of following statements are correct?



a. The majority of health services is taxpaid in Denmark



b, The majority of health services is paid by private health insurance



c, The majority of health services has to be paid cash

2. The key person to enter the Danish health system and services, is



A: The home nurse.



B: The general practioners



C:, The entrance unit at hospitals

3. Which of the following is not one out of the seven national health goals
in Denmark



A: More children should thrive and have good mental health.



B: More must choose a smoke free life.



C: All children and youth shall have free access to dentist until age 18.

4. Which sentence is the right one?



A: Denmark have one of the most restricted legislation in the world when it comes to health and security in work.



B: Denmark don't have a legislation regarding health and security at workplaces and companies.



C: Danish workplaces and companies have to sign up voluntarily to the national control center for work environment.

5. What does people have to pay a part of themselves?



A: vaccinations of children.



B: going to the dentist after age 18



C: glasses

6. A healthcare professional may initiate or continue treatment without consent in very special situations.



A: It is about treating patients who temporarily or permanently lack the ability to give informed consent or are under the age of 13.



B: It is about treating patients who temporarily or permanently lack the ability to give informed consent or are under the age of 14.



C: It is about treating patients who temporarily or permanently lack the ability to give informed consent or are under the age of 15.

7. Screening new borns for cystic fibrosis

A: will be introduced in September 1 2020

B: is not introduced

C: was introduced in Denmark on May 1, 2016

8. To whom is hospital treatment for free?

A: Only Danish citizens.

B: Only Danish citizens and foreign people who work in Denmark

C: All who stay in Denmark

9. Providing spiritual care is

A: not allowed in Denmark, as most people are no believer

B: allowed if people can show they belong to a religious group

C: provided to all who ask for it.

10. The abortion limit in Denmark is



A: 14 weeks



B: 12 weeks.



C: 10 weeks

11. You can do an abortion under specific circumstances until the end of the 22nd week of pregnancy.



A: An approval of the abortion requires that **three professionals** in the consultation consider that there are important reasons for interrupting the pregnancy.



B: An approval of the abortion requires that **four professionals** in the consultation consider that there are important reasons for interrupting the pregnancy.



C: An approval of the abortion requires that **five professionals** in the consultation consider that there are important reasons for interrupting the pregnancy.

12. In order to have an abortion; the woman must request abortion to



A: Her own GP or A practitioner in gynaecology or The municipality.



B: Her own GP or the hospital or The municipality.



C: Her own GP or A practitioner in gynaecology or the father.

13. The majority of organ donations in Denmark, it donation of



A: Kidney, Lever and Lunges



B: Kidney, Lunges and hearts



C: Kidney. Lunges and Kidney Panchreas

14. Which of the sentences is not a basic principle of Danish elder care.



A: *"The citizen in the centre"*



B: *"Help to selfhelp".*



C: *"Health is a personal responsibility"*

15. All Danish care and nursery is divided into

A: 2 levels.

B: 3 levels.

C: 4 levels.

16. Active mortality is illegal in Denmark according to section 239 of the Criminal Code.

 Correct Wrong

17. The number of Autopsy is quit low in Denmark compared to other countries. In Finland, almost 30% of all dead people are autopsied. But how low was the number in fact in Demarked in Denmark in 2018.

A: 11, 4 %

B: 20,5 %

C: 2,4 %



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18. Vaccination of children are in Denmark



A: free of payment and not obligatory



B: for free and Obligatory



C: on families on pay and not obligatory